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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/684,226	10/10/2003	Bruce Rutherford	32087/1010 8629	
7590 10/23/2006			EXAMINER	
Michael L. Goldman			O'CONNOR, CARY E	
Nixon Peabody LLP Clinton Square		·	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
P.O. Box 31051			3732	
Rochester, NY 14603			DATE MAILED: 10/23/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		NIT
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Comments	10/684,226	RUTHERFORD ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Cary E. O'Connor	3732
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was realiure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>24 Jul</u> 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under Extended 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,3-46 and 48-82 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,3-40 and 50-71 is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 41-46,48,49 and 72-81 is/are rejected 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on 10 October 2003 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the office Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the october 2003. The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	a) ☐ accepted or b) ☒ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)	•	
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/7/05	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 41-46, 48 and 49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mooney et al (5,885,829) in view of Kato (5,871,360). Mooney discloses for treating a tooth that needs regeneration of dentin comprising forming a hole in the tooth to expose at least a portion of pulp, inserting a tissue scaffold into the hole to contact the pulp, and regenerating dentine (see column 7, lines 44-46; column 16, lines 10-23; column 21, lines 27-28; column 38, line 44 to column 39, line 42; column 45, lines 32-33; paragraph bridging columns 61 and 62). Mooney does not disclose the association of calcium phosphate and fluoride with the scaffold. Kato discloses a dental filling material comprising fluoride and calcium phosphate (column 5, last paragraph). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to fill the opening created in the method of Mooney with the filling material of Kato, because it would strengthen the tooth and prevent caries (column 5, lines 18-21).

Claims 72, 75-81 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Oliva (4,822,278). Oliva shows a vacuum manipulator comprising a vacuum tube 18 having a proximal end 30, a distal end, and walls between the ends enclosing the

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vacuum tube, an attachment 20 at the distal end of the vacuum tube to permit fluid communication between a vacuum source and the vacuum tube, a suction cup 40 attached the proximal end of the tube, and a valve assembly 32 on the tube to close and open fluid access between the tube and a vacuum source 26. The valve assembly is not located at the proximal end of the vacuum tube. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to locate the valve assembly at the distal end of the vacuum tube, since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art. In re Japikse, 86 USPQ 70. As to claim 77, note the hose 22. As to claim 75, note that the vacuum tube has a bend along the length. As to claim 76, the specific kind of vacuum source cannot be given weight in the claim because a vacuum source is not positively claimed. As to claims 78-79, ambient air can be introduced into the tube via valve assembly 32.

Claim 73 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Oliva (4,822,278) in view of Groves (2,885,782). The valve assembly of Oliva is not manipulated by a manual dial. Groves shows a vacuum device comprising a valve assembly manipulated by a manual dial 80. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace the valve assembly of Oliva with the valve assembly of Groves, because it would be easier to precisely control the pressure in the vacuum tube.

Claim 74 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Oliva (4,822,278) in view of Moore et al (5,855,562). Oliva does not include an in-line filter to prevent the passage of pathogens into the system. Moore shows a dental vacuum

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system having an in-line filter 22. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the vacuum manipulator of Oliva with an in-line filter, as taught by Moore, in order to prevent the egress of pathogens into the vacuum system.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 1, 3-40, 50-71 and 82 are allowed.

Drawings

The corrected or substitute drawings were received on May 20, 2004. These drawings are not approved.

The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they do not include the following reference sign(s) mentioned in the description: 80. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed July 24, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Regarding claim 41, applicant argues that calcium phosphate and fluoride would not be suitable as a tissue scaffold. However, it is noted that the calcium phosphate and fluoride are only associated with the scaffold. The claim is not limited to the scaffold including calcium phosphate and fluoride. As to applicant's arguments regarding the rejection of claim 72, note the 35 USC 103 rejection above.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cary E. O'Connor whose telephone number is 571-272-4715. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 7:00-3:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cris Rodriguez can be reached on 571-2724964. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Cary|E. O'Connor Primary Examiner Art Unit 3732

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